

**EX:1Design a Login Page which contains Login Field, Password Field, Submit and Reset Buttons using HTML**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>
    Creation of Login form using HTML
</title>
</head>

<body style="text-align:center;">

<h1 style="color:green;">
    Login Form
</h1>

<h2>
    Creation of Login form using HTML

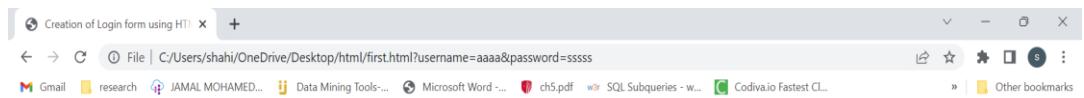
<form>
    <label>Username : </label>
    <input type="text" name="username" required> <br><br>
    <label>Password : </label>
    <input type="password" name="password" required>
    <br><br>

    <input type="submit" onclick="check(this.form)" value="Submit">
    <input type="reset">
</form>
<script language="javascript">
function check(form)
{
    alert("Logged in Successfully")
}

</script>

</body>

</html>
```



## Ex : 2 Design a Catalogue Page in HTML using Table Tag.

```
<html>
<head>
<title>Catalogue page in html</title>
<style>
table, th, td {
    border: 1px solid black;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<table align="center">
<caption>Catalogue Page for Samsung Phones</caption>
<tr bgcolor="lightblue">
    <th>Code</th>
    <th>Name</th>
    <th>Price</th>
    <th>Description</th>
</tr>
<tr>
    <td>1234</td>
    <td>Samsung Galaxy</td>
    <td>12999</td>
    <td></td>
</tr>
</table>
```

```
</body>
</html>
```



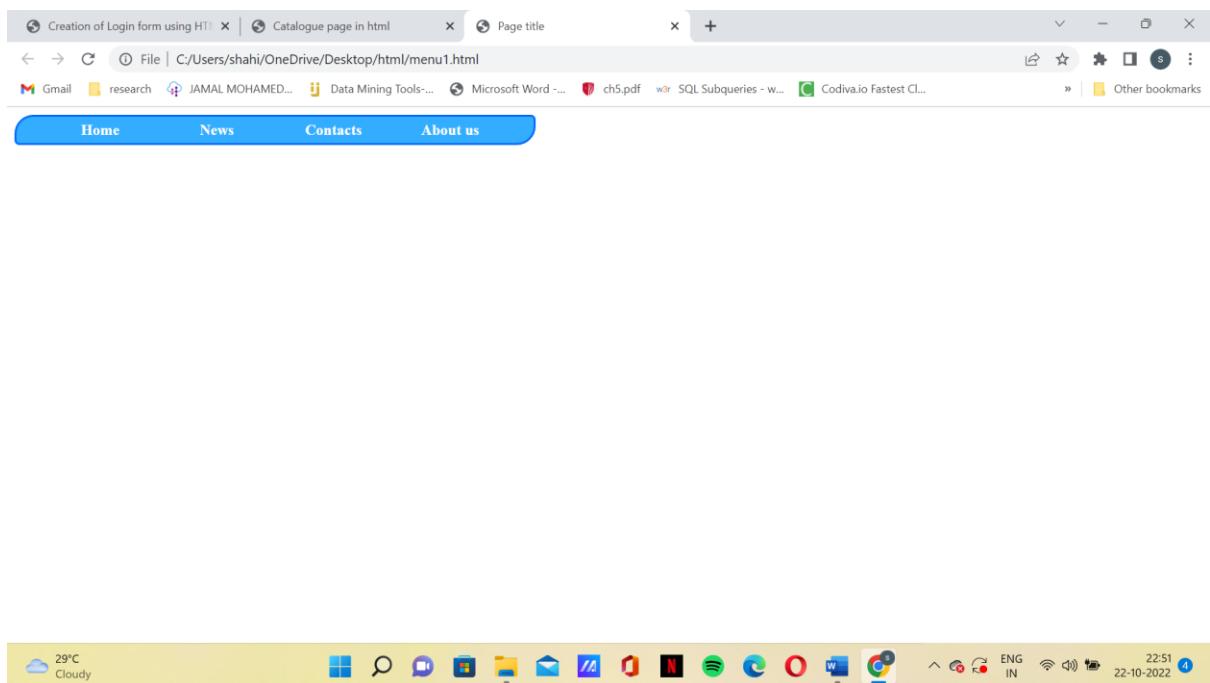
### EX: 3. Create a CSS to design Menu.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="utf-8">
<title>Page title</title>
<style>
#navbar {
margin: 0;
padding: 0;
list-style-type: none;
border: 2px solid #0066FF;
border-radius: 20px 5px;
width: 550px;
text-align: center;
background-color: #33ADFF;
}
#navbar li { display: inline; }
#navbar a {
color: #fff;
padding: 5px 10px;
text-decoration: none;
font-weight: bold;
display: inline-block;
width: 100px;
}
#navbar a:hover {
```

```

        border-radius: 20px 5px;
        background-color: #0066FF;
    }
</style>
</head>
<body>
<ul id="navbar">
<li><a href="#">Home</a></li>
<li><a href="#">News</a></li>
<li><a href="#">Contacts</a></li>
<li><a href="#">About us</a></li>
</ul>
</body>
</html>

```



**Ex: 5. Design a web page that contains a selection box with a list of 5 countries, When the user selects a country, its capital should be printed next to the list. Add CSS to customize the properties of the font of the capital (color, bold and font size)**

```

<html>
<head>
<title>capitals of countries</title>
<style>
p{
color:red;
font-weight:bold;
font-size:50;
}
</style>

```

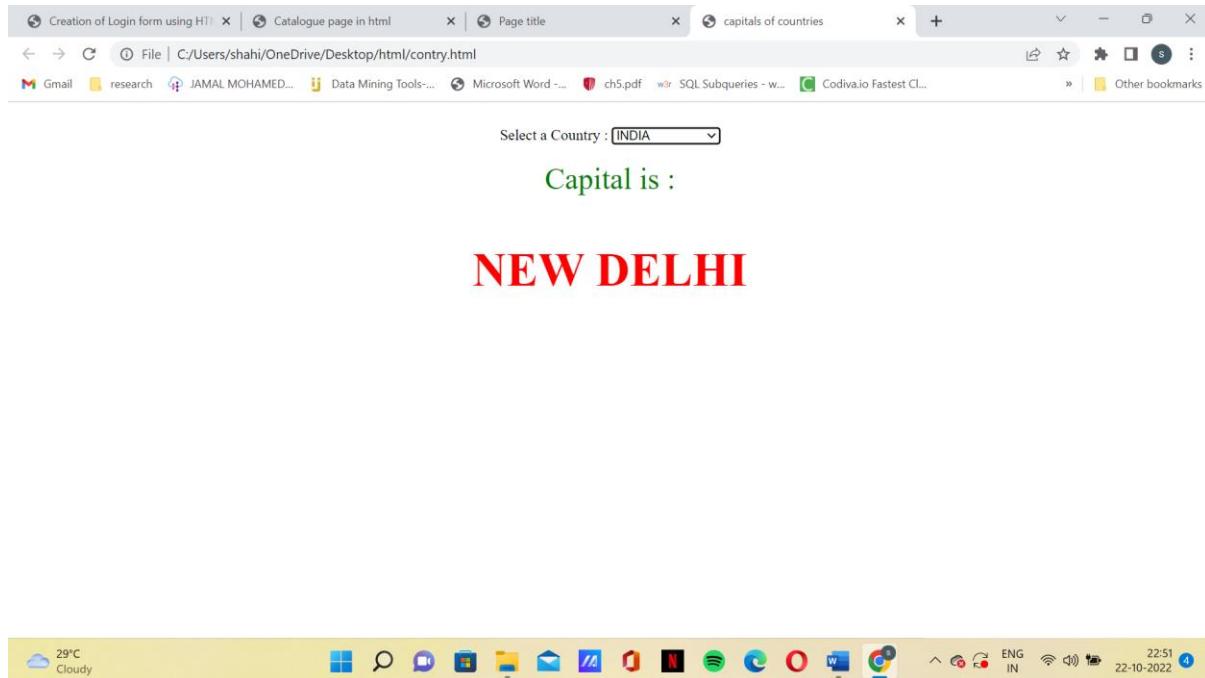
```

<script language="javascript">
function capital()
{
var cunt=document.forms["frm1"].country.value;
var capital=" Please select any country ";
if( cunt=="india")
{
capital="NEW DELHI";
}
if( cunt=="china")
{
capital="BEIJING";
}
if( cunt=="pakistan")
{
capital="ISLAMABAD";
}
if( cunt=="bangladesh")
{
capital="DHAKA";
}
if( cunt=="japan")
{
capital="TOKYO";
}

if( cunt=="select")
{
capital="Please select any country";
}
document.getElementById("capt").innerHTML=capital;
}
</script>
</head>
<body>
<form name="frm1">
<br/>
<center>
Select a Country :<select name="country" onchange="capital()">
<option value="select">--SELECT--</option>
<option value="india">INDIA</option>
<option value="china">CHINA</option>
<option value="pakistan">PAKISTAN</option>
<option value="bangladesh">BANGLADESH</option>
<option value="japan">JAPAN</option>
</select>
<br/>
<br/>
<font color="green" size="6">Capital is :</font> <p id="capt"></p>
</center>

```

```
</form>
</body>
</html>
```



## EX:6 Develop a simple calculator to perform the basic operations using JavaScript

```
<!-- Create a simple Program to build the Calculator in JavaScript using with HTML and CSS web languages. -->
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang = "en">
<head>
<title> JavaScript Calculator </title>

<style>
h1 {
    text-align: center;
    padding: 23px;
    background-color: skyblue;
    color: white;
}

#clear{
width: 270px;
border: 3px solid gray;
border-radius: 3px;
padding: 20px;
background-color: red;
}

.formstyle
```

```

{
width: 300px;
height: 530px;
margin: auto;
border: 3px solid skyblue;
border-radius: 5px;
padding: 20px;
}

input
{
width: 20px;
background-color: green;
color: white;
border: 3px solid gray;
border-radius: 5px;
padding: 2px;
margin: 5px;
font-size: 15px;
}

#calc{
width: 250px;
border: 5px solid black;
border-radius: 3px;
padding: 20px;
margin: auto;
}

</style>

</head>
<body>
<h1> Calculator Program in JavaScript </h1>
<div class= "formstyle">
<form name = "form1">

<input id = "calc" type ="text" name = "answer"> <br> <br>

<input type = "button" value = "1" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '1' ">
<input type = "button" value = "2" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '2' ">
<input type = "button" value = "3" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '3' ">
<input type = "button" value = "+" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '+' ">
<br> <br>

<input type = "button" value = "4" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '4' ">

```

```

<input type = "button" value = "5" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '5' ">
<input type = "button" value = "6" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '6' ">
<input type = "button" value = "-" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '-' ">
<br> <br>

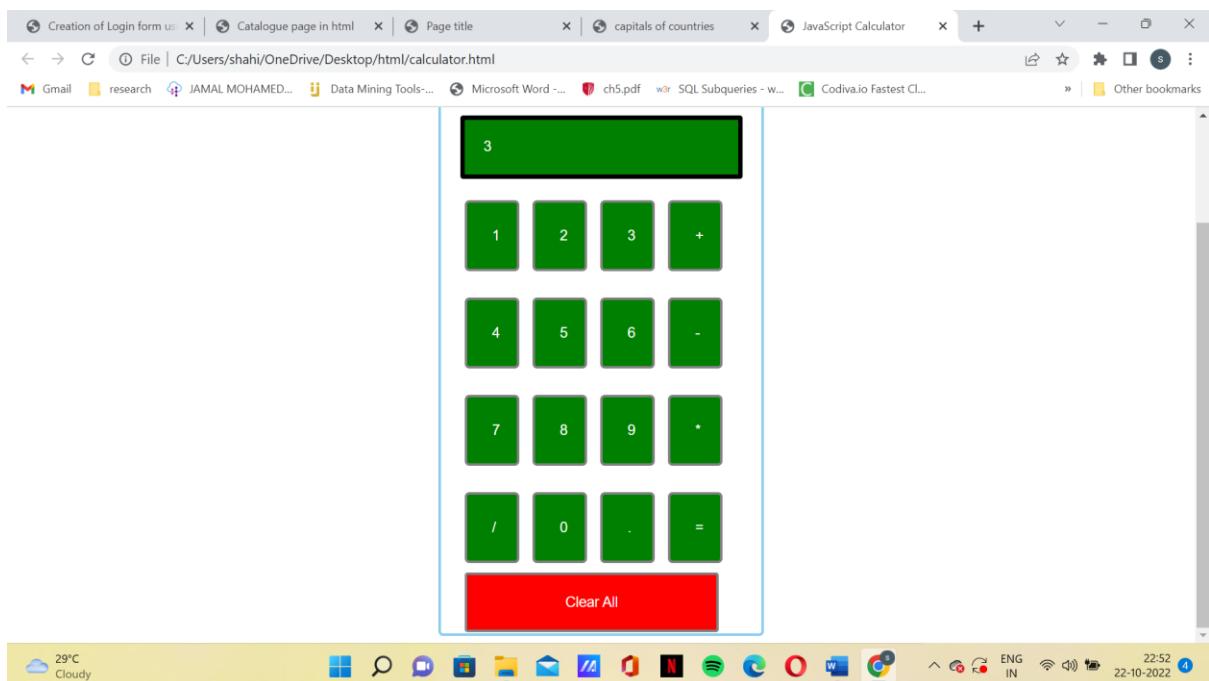
<input type = "button" value = "7" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '7' ">
<input type = "button" value = "8" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '8' ">
<input type = "button" value = "9" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '9' ">
<input type = "button" value = "*" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '*' ">
<br> <br>

<input type = "button" value = "/" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '/' ">
<input type = "button" value = "0" onclick = "form1.answer.value += '0' ">

<input type = "button" value = "." onclick = "form1.answer.value += '.' ">

<input type = "button" value = "=" onclick = "form1.answer.value =
eval(form1.answer.value) ">
<br>
<!-- Display the Cancel button and erase all data entered by the user. -->
<input type = "button" value = "Clear All" onclick = "form1.answer.value = ''" id= "clear"
>
<br>
</form>
</div></body></html>

```



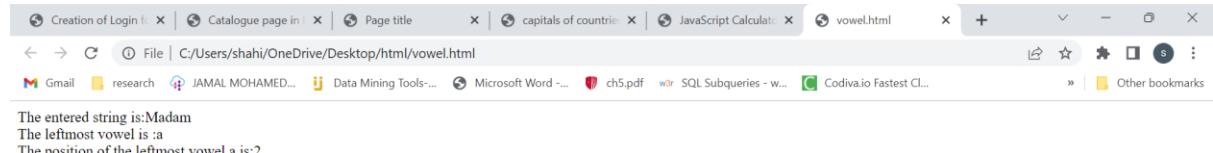
**EX: 7. Develop a JavaScript code to find the position of left most vowel in a given string**

```

//FindLeftmostVowel.html

<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<html>
<head>
<script type ="text/javascript">
function str_vowel()
{
    var str=prompt("Enter the string\n", " ");
    for(var i = 0; i<str.length; i++)
    {
        if (str.charAt(i) =='a' || str.charAt(i) == 'e' || str.charAt(i) =='i'
        || str.charAt(i) == 'o' || str.charAt(i) == 'u' || str.charAt(i) == 'A' ||
        str.charAt(i) == 'E' || str.charAt(i) =='I' || str.charAt(i) =='O' || str.charAt(i) ==
        'U')
        {
            document.write("The entered string is:" +str+ "<br/>");
            document.write("The leftmost vowel is :" +str.charAt(i)+ "<br/>");
            var pos = i+1;
            document.write("The position of the leftmost vowel " +str.charAt(i)+ "
is:" +pos+"\n");
            exit;
        }
        document.write("The entered string is:" +str+ "<br/>");
        document.write("The entered string has no vowels");
    }
</script></head>
<body style="background-color:green" onload = "str_vowel();">
</body>
</html>

```



**EX: 8. Develop a JavaScript code that calculates the square and cube of numbers from 0 to 10 and outputs HTML text that displays the resulting values in an HTML table format.**

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<head> <style>
table,tr,
td
{
border: solid black;
width: 33%;
text-align: center;
border-collapse: collapse;
background-color:lightblue;
}
table { margin: auto;
} </style>
<script>
document.write( "<table><tr><th colspan='3'> NUMBERS FROM 0 TO 10 WITH THEIR
QUARES AND CUBES </th></tr>" );
document.write( "<tr><td>Number</td><td>Square</td><td>Cube</td></tr>" );
for(var n=0; n<=10; n++)
{
document.write( "<tr><td>" + n + "</td><td>" + n*n + "</td><td>" + n*n*n + "</td></tr>" )
;
}
document.write( "</table>" );
</script>
</head>
</html>
```

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Edge browser window with multiple tabs open. The active tab displays a table titled "NUMBERS FROM 0 TO 10 WITH THEIR QUARES AND CUBES". The table has three columns: Number, Square, and Cube. The data is as follows:

Number	Square	Cube
0	0	0
1	1	1
2	4	8
3	9	27
4	16	64
5	25	125
6	36	216
7	49	343
8	64	512
9	81	729
10	100	1000



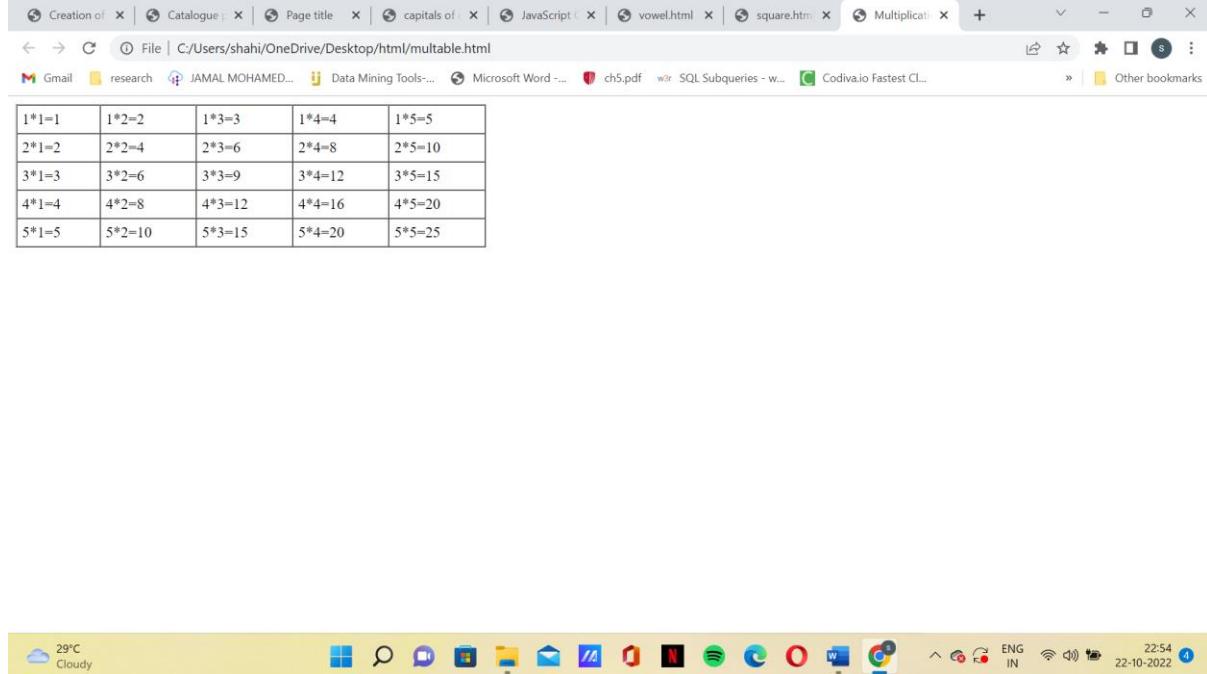
### EX: 9. Develop a JavaScript code to create a simple multiplication table for given rows and columns

```
<html>
<head>
<title>Multiplication Table</title>
<script type="text/javascript">
    var rows = prompt("How many rows for your multiplication table?");
    var cols = prompt("How many columns for your multiplication table?");
    if(rows == "" || rows == null)
        rows = 10;
    if(cols== "" || cols== null)
        cols = 10;
    createTable(rows, cols);
    function createTable(rows, cols)
    {
        var j=1;
        var output = "<table border='1' width='500' cellspacing='0' cellpadding='5'>";
        for(i=1;i<=rows;i++)
        {
            output = output + "<tr>";
            while(j<=cols)
            {
                output = output + "<td>" + i+"*" + j + "=" + i*j + "</td>";
                j = j+1;
            }
            output = output + "</tr>";
            j = 1;
        }
        output = output + "</table>";
    }
</script>
</head>
<body>
</body>
```

```

        document.write(output);
    }
</script>
</head>
<body> </body> </html>

```



**EX: 10. Develop a JavaScript code that displays text “TEXT-GROWING” with increasing font size in the interval of 100ms in RED COLOR, when the font size reaches 50pt it displays “TEXT-SHRINKING” in BLUE color. Then the font size decreases to 5pt.**

```

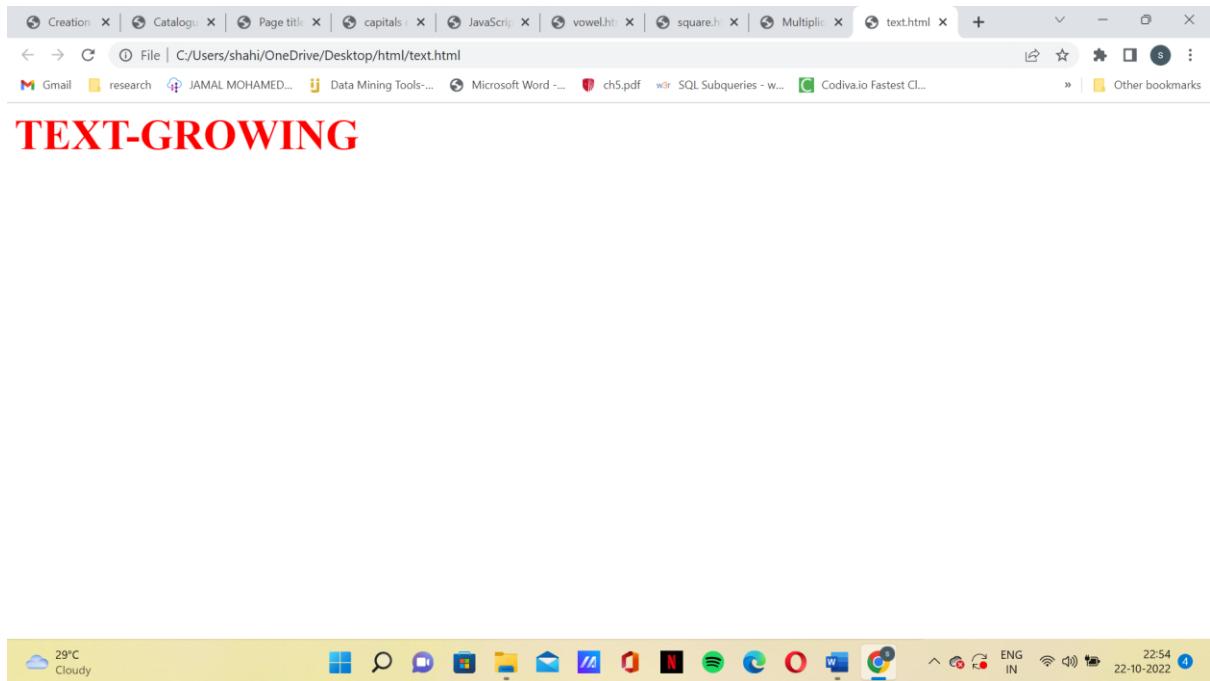
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<div id="h"></div>
<script>
var v = 0, f = 1, t = "TEXT-GROWING", color;
function a()
{
    if(f==1)
        v+=5, color="red";
    else
        v-=5, color="blue";
    document.getElementById("h").innerHTML = "<h1 style=\"font-size: "+v+"px ; margin: 0px; color : "+color+"\"><b> "+t+"</b></h1>";
    if(v==50)
        f = 0, t = "TEXT-SHRINKING";
    if(v==5)
        f = 1, t = "TEXT-GROWING";
    c();
}

```

```

function c()
{
setTimeout(a,300);
}
c();
</script>
</body>
</html>

```



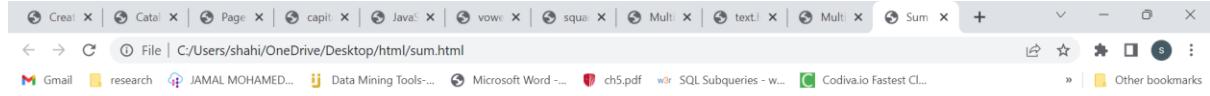
### **EX: 11. Develop a JavaScript code to sum the multiples of 3 and 5 under 100.**

```

<html>
<head>
    <title>Sum the multiples of 3 and 5 under 100</title>
<h1> To find the Sum of multiples of 3 and 5 under 100</h1>
<script type="text/javascript">
    var sum = 0;
    var number = 100;
    for (var i = 0; i <= number; i++)
    {
        if (i % 3 == 0 || i % 5 == 0)
        {
            sum += i;
        }
    }
    document.write("The Sum is "+sum);
</script>

```

```
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
```



## To find the Sum of multiples of 3 and 5 under 100

The Sum is 2418



**EX: 12. Develop a JavaScript code for iterating 15 times and for each iteration, it should check and display whether the current Number is odd or even.**

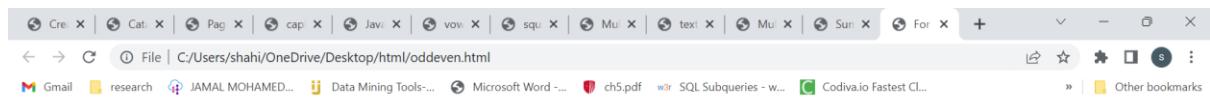
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset=utf-8 />
<title>For loop that will iterate from 0 to 15</title>
</head>
<body>
<script>
for (var x=0; x<=15; x++) {
    if (x === 0) {
        document.write(x + " is even");
        document.write("<br>");
    }
    else if (x % 2 === 0) {
        document.write(x + " is even ");
        document.write("<br>");
    }
    else {
        document.write(x + " is odd ");
        document.write("<br>");
    }
}
```

```
}
```

```
</script>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```



```
0 is even  
1 is odd  
2 is even  
3 is odd  
4 is even  
5 is odd  
6 is even  
7 is odd  
8 is even  
9 is odd  
10 is even  
11 is odd  
12 is even  
13 is odd  
14 is even  
15 is odd
```

